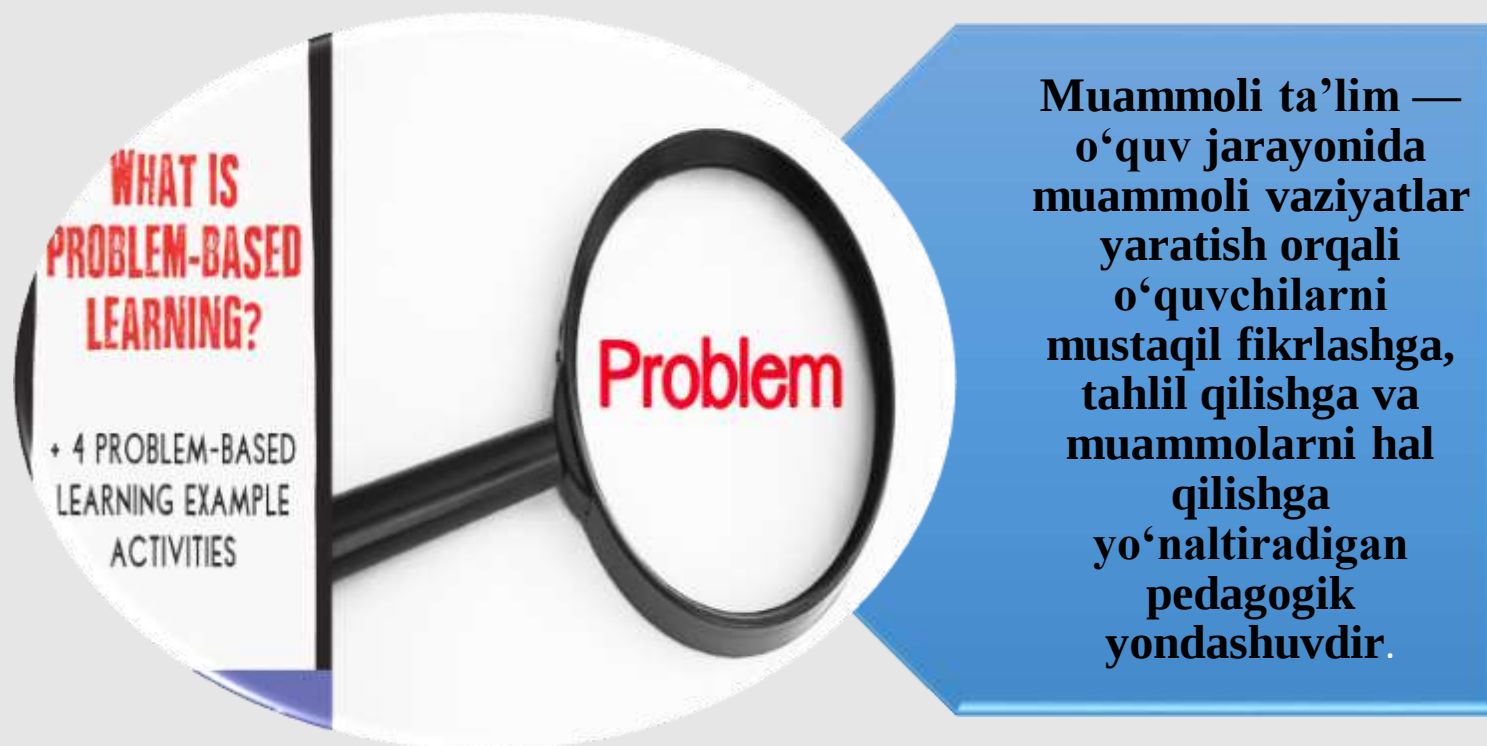




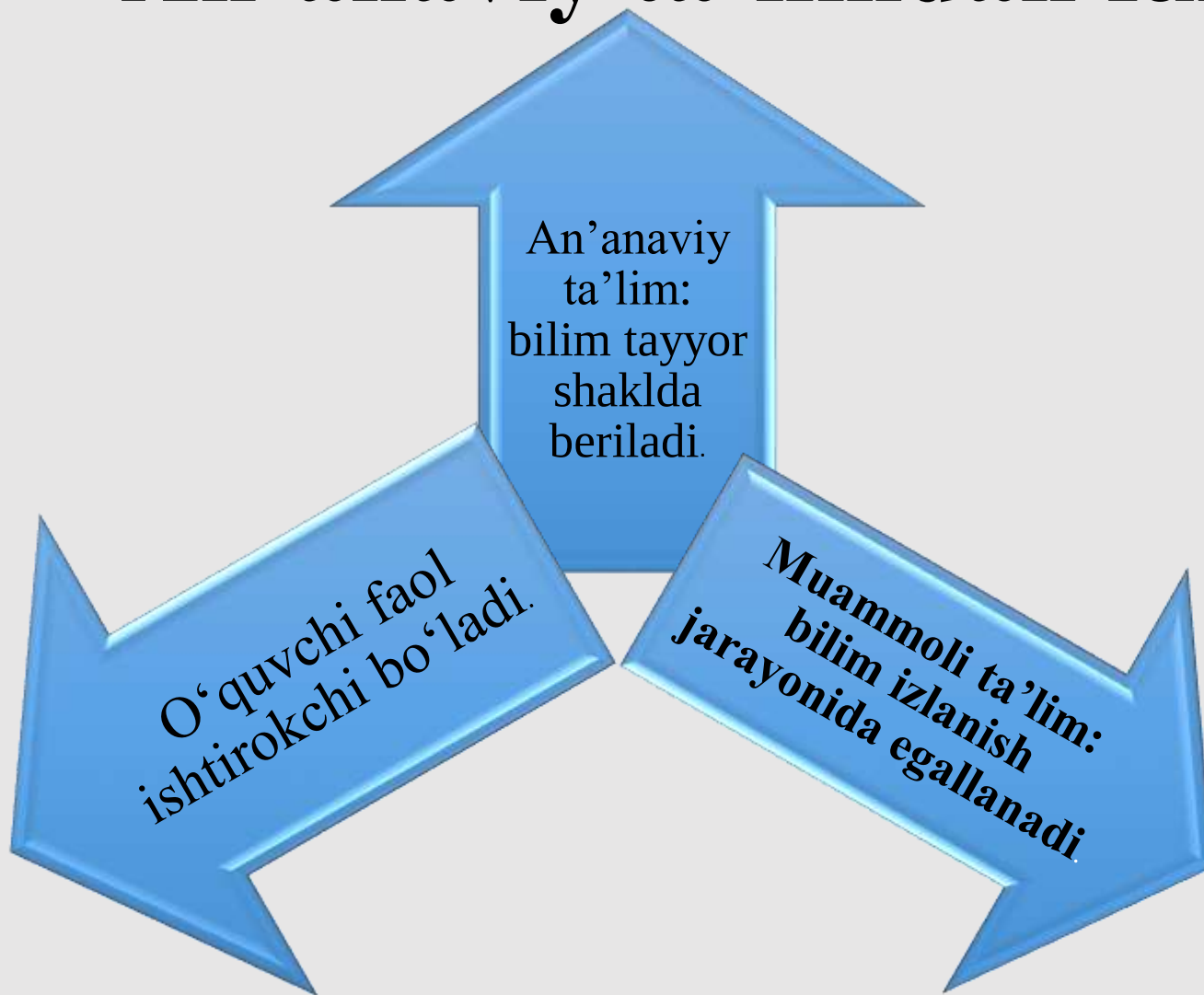
Muammoli ta'lim asosida ingliz tili darslarini loyihalash

**Muammoli ta'lim metodining nazariy
asoslari, metodik jihatlar va amaliy
qo'llanishi**

Muammoli ta'limning pedagogik mohiyati



An'anaviy ta'limdan farqi



Nazariy bilimlar

Konstruktivizm

Kommunikativ yondashuv

Faol o'rganish nazariyasi

**PBL natijalari (Nilson, 2010
asosida)**

Jamoaviy ishlash
Mustaqil o'rganish
Tanqidiy fikrlash
Kommunikatsiya
Muammo yechish

**Natija: o'qituvchilar
kompetensiyasi oshdi**

Muammoli ta'limning (PBL) afzalliklari

Tanqidiy fikrlashni rivojlantiradi
Murakkab muammolar ustida ishlash orqali talabalar axborotni tahlil qilish, tanqidiy fikrlash va asoslangan qarorlar qabul qilish ko'nikmalarini rivojlantiradi.

Talabalar faolligini oshiradi
PBLning interaktiv va faol xarakteri talabalarni o'quv jarayoniga jalb etadi hamda ularning motivatsiyasini kuchaytiradi.

Real hayotga tayyorlaydi
Muammoli ta'lim real hayotiy vaziyatlarni aks ettiradi va talabalarni amaliy muammolarni hal qilishga tayyorlaydi.

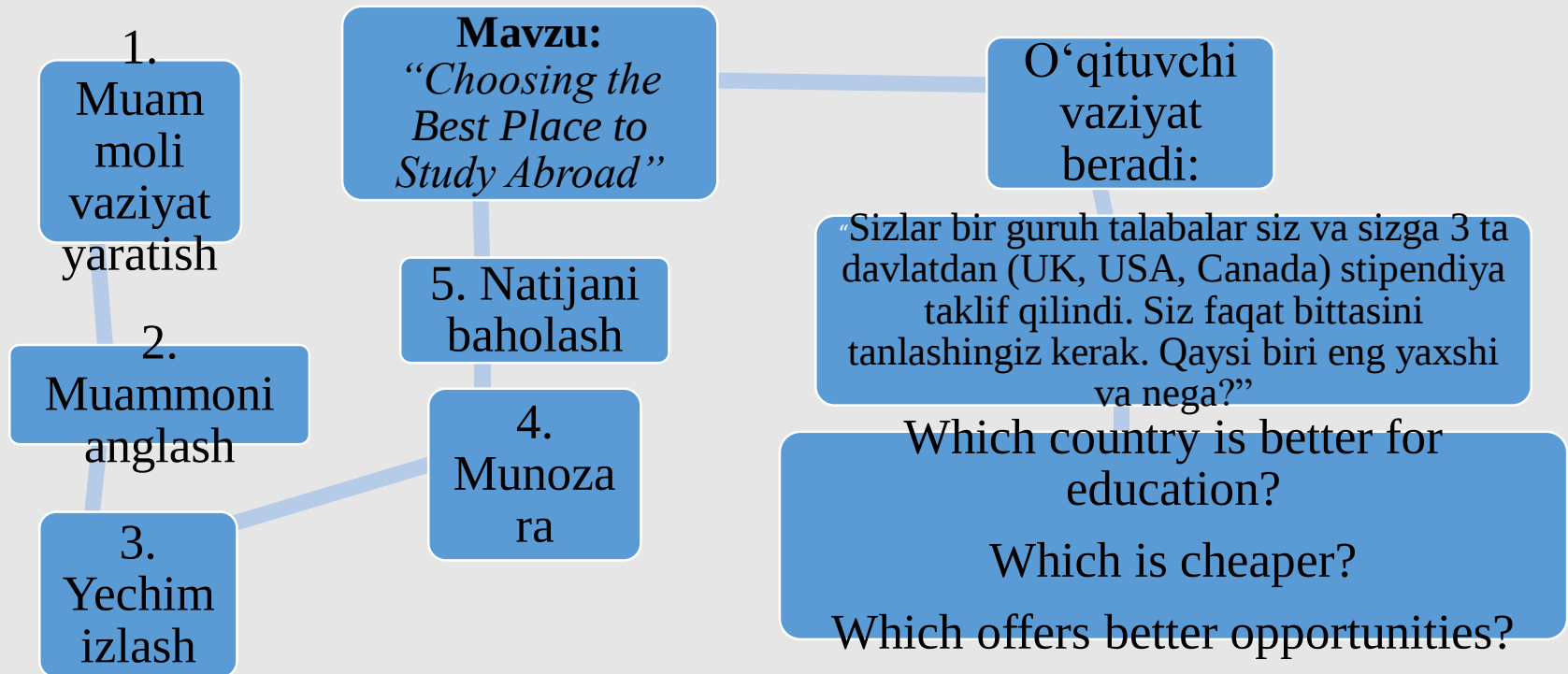
Hamkorlik ko'nikmalarini rivojlantiradi
Guruhda ishlash orqali talabalar: muloqot qilish jamoada ishlash muammolarni birgalikda hal qilish ko'nikmalarini egallaydi.

Ingliz tili darslarida muammoli vaziyat



Real hayotiy savollar
Ijtimoiy muammolar
Students cannot speak fluently in English during class discussions.
IELTS Part 3 tipidagi savollar
Why do students struggle with speaking?
What methods can improve speaking skills?
Should teachers focus more on speaking?

Darsni loyihalash bosqichlari



Muammoli savollar qanday bo'lishi kerak

Ochiq savollar

Tahlil talab qiluvchi savollar

Bahs-munozaraga undovchi
savollar:

**Do you think technology makes
people more or less social?**

**Do you think students learn
better from teachers or from
technology?**

**Is it better to choose a job you
love or a job that pays well?
Why?**

Speaking ko‘nikmalarini rivojlantirish

Muammoli ta’lim: muloqotni faollashtiradi
fikrni asoslab aytishga o‘rgatadi
argumentatsiya ko‘nikmasini
rivojlantiradi

Environment

Answer prompt:In my view, both individuals and governments share responsibility for protecting the environment. Governments can create laws and policies to reduce pollution and protect natural resources. For example, they can limit industrial emissions or promote renewable energy. At the same time, individuals should adopt eco-friendly habits such as recycling and saving energy. If both sides work together, the results will be more effective. Therefore, environmental protection requires joint effort.

O'qituvchining roli



Muammoli ta'limning afzalliklari

tanqidiy
fikrlash
rivojlanadi

mustaqil
o'rganish
kuchayadi

kommunikativ
kompetensiya
oshadi

Muammoli ta'limning qiyinchiliklari

ko'proq vaqt talab qiladi

o'qituvchidan yuqori metodik tayyorgarlik
talab etadi

barcha o'quvchilarni jalb qilish murakkab
bo'lishi mumkin

Xulosa

Muammoli ta'lim asosida ingliz tili
darslarini loyihalash
o'quvchilarning tanqidiy
fikrlashini, muloqot ko'nikmalarini
va speaking kompetensiyasini
samarali rivojlantiradi.

Etiboringiz uchun tashakkur